HNC TNM Cancer Staging Manual

Adapted from AJCC (8th ed., 2017)



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NPC



Primary Tumor (T)

- TX Primary tumor cannot be assessed
- T0 No tumor identified, but EBV-positive cervical node(s) involvement
- Tis Carcinoma in situ
- T1 Tumor confined to nasopharynx, or extension to oropharynx and/or nasal cavity without parapharyngeal involvement
- T2 Tumor with extension to parapharyngeal space, and/or adjacent soft tissue involvement (medial pterygoid, lateral pterygoid, prevertebral muscles)
- **T3** Tumor with infiltration of bony structures at skull base, cervical vertebra, pterygoid structures, and/or paranasal sinuses
- T4 Tumor with intracranial extension, involvement of cranial nerves, hypopharynx, orbit, parotid gland, and/ or extensive soft tissue infiltration beyond the lateral surface of the lateral pterygoid muscle

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Unilateral metastasis in cervical lymph node(s) and/or unilateral or bilateral metastasis in retropharyngeal lymph node(s), 6 cm or smaller in greatest dimension, above the caudal border of cricoid cartilage
- N2 Bilateral metastasis in cervical lymph node(s), 6 cm or smaller in greatest dimension, above the caudal border of cricoid cartilage
- N3 Unilateral or bilateral metastasis in cervical lymph node(s), larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, and/or extension below the caudal border of cricoid cartilage

Anatomic Stage/Prognostic Groups

MO
1110
MO
M1



ΝX

N 0

N1

N2

N3

Oral Cancer

Primary Tumor (T)

- TX Primary tumor cannot be assessed
- Tis Carcinoma in situ
- **T 1** Tumor ≤ 2 cm with depth of invasion (DOI)* ≤ 5
- mm Tumor ≤2 cm, with DOI* >5 mm
- **T2** or tumor >2 cm and \leq 4 cm, with DOI* \leq 10 mm Tumor >2 cm and \leq 4 cm, with DOI* >10 mm or
- T3 tumor >4 cm, with DOI* ≤10 mm Moderately advanced or very advanced local disease
- **T4** T4a Moderately advanced local disease Tumor >4 cm, with DOI* >10 mm *or* tumor invades adjacent structures only (eg, through cortical bone of the mandible or maxilla, or involves the maxillary sinus or skin of the face)

Note: Superficial erosion of bone/tooth socket (alone) by a gingival primary is not sufficient to classify a tumor as T4.

T4b Very advanced local disease Tumor invades masticator space, pterygoid plates, or skull base and/or encases the internal carotid artery

*DOI is depth of invasion and not tumor thickness.

Regional Lymph Nodes (N) Clinical N (cN)

- Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph
- node metastasis

Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension ENE(-)

Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, and ENE(-)

N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, and ENE(-)

N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm $\,$ in greatest dimension, and ENE(–)

N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, and ENE(–)

Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and

ENE(-); or metastasis in any node(s) and clinically overt ENE(+)

N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)

N3b Metastasis in any node(s) and clinically overt ENE(+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L). Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).



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Oral Cavity

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

Pathological N (pN)

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, ENE(-)
 - N2a Metastasis in single ipsilateral node 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension, and ENE(+); *or* a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); *or* multiple ipsilateral, contralateral or bilateral nodes any with ENE(+); *or* a single contralateral node of any size and ENE (+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); *or* multiple ipsilateral, contralateral or bilateral nodes any with ENE(+); *or* a single contralateral node of any size and ENE (+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L).

Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).



Distant Metastasis (M)

M0 No distant metastasisM1 Distant metastasis

Histologic Grade (G)

- **G X** Cannot be assessed Well
- G 1 differentiated Moderately
- **G 2** differentiated Poorly
- G3 differentiated

Prognostic Stage Groups

Stage 0	Tis	NO	M0
Stage I	T1	NO	MO
Stage II	T2	NO	MO
Stage III	T1,T2	N1	MO
	Т3	N0,N1	MO
Stage IVA	T1	N2	MO
	T2	N2	M0
	Т3	N2	MO
	T4a	N0,N1,N2	MO
Stage IVB	Any T	N3	M0
	T4b	Any N	MO
Stage IVC	Any T	Any N	M1

頭頸癌臨床指引

Oropharynx (p16-) and Hypopharynx

(Not included: P16-positive (p16+) oropharyngeal cancers and nasopharyngeal cancer)

Oropharynx (p16-) Hypopharynx

- **TX** Primary tumor cannot be assessed Carcinoma *in situ*
- Tis Tumor 2 cm or smaller in greatest dimension
- T 1 Tumor larger than 2 cm but not larger than 4 cm in greatest
- T2 dimension
- **T3** Tumor larger than 4 cm in greatest dimension or extension to lingual surface of epiglottis
- T4 Moderately advanced or very advanced local disease
 - T4a Moderately advanced local disease

Tumor invades the larynx, extrinsic muscle of tongue, medial pterygoid, hard palate, or mandible*

T4b Very advanced local disease Tumor invades lateral pterygoid muscle, pterygoid plates, lateral nasopharynx, or skull base or encases carotid artery

*Note: Mucosal extension to lingual surface of epiglottis from primary tumors of the base of the tongue and vallecula does not constitute invasion of the larynx.

тх	Primary tumor cannot be assessed Carcinoma in situ
Tis T1	Tumor limited to one subsite of hypopharynx and/or 2 cm or smaller in greatest dimension
T2	Tumor invades more than one subsite of hypopharynx or an adjacent site, or measures larger than 2 cm but not larger than 4 cm in greatest dimension without fixation of hemilarynx
Т3	Tumor larger than 4 cm in greatest dimension or with fixation of hemilarynx or extension to esophageal mucosa Moderately advanced or very advanced local disease T4a
Τ4	Moderately advanced local disease Tumor invades thyroid/cricoid cartilage, hyoid bone, thyroid gland, esophageal muscle or central compartment soft tissue*
	T4b Very advanced local disease Tumor invades prevertebral fascia, encases carotid artery, or involves mediastinal structures

 $^{\ast}\textit{Note:}$ Central compartment soft tissue includes prelaryngeal strap muscles and subcutaneous fat.



Oropharynx (p16-) and Hypopharynx

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(Not included: P16-positive (p16+) oropharyngeal cancers and nasopharyngeal cancer)

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

Clinical N (cN) - Oropharynx (p16-) and Hypopharynx

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-);
 - N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastasis in any node(s) and clinically overt ENE(+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in any node(s) and clinically overt ENE(+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L).

Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).



Oropharynx (p16-) and Hypopharynx

(Not included: P16-positive (p16+) oropharyngeal cancers and nasopharyngeal cancer)

Regional Lymph Nodes (N):

Pathological N (pN) - Oropharynx (p16-) and Hypopharynx Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis NΧ Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension N 0 N1 and ENE(-) Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or N2 metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)N2a Metastasis in single ipsilateral node 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+): or a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-) N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-) Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or in a single N3 ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral or bilateral nodes, any with ENE(+); or a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-) N3b Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+);

or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral or bilateral nodes, any with ENE(+) or a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L).

Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).

Distant Metastasis (M) M0

No distant metastasis M1 Distant metastasis

Histologic Grade (G)

- **GX** Grade cannot be assessed
- G1 Well differentiated
- **G2** Moderately differentiated
- **G3** Poorly differentiated
- G4 Undifferentiated

Prognostic Stage Groups

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Stage 0	Tis	N0	M0
Stage I	T1	N0	M0
Stage II	T2	N0	M0
Stage III	Т3	N0	M0
	T1	N1	M0
	T2	N1	M0
	Т3	N1	M0
Stage IVA	T1	N2	M0
	T2	N2	M0
	Т3	N2	M0
	T4a	N0,N1,N2	M0
Stage IVB	T4b	Any N	M0
_	Any T	N3	M0
Stage IVC	Any T	Any N	M1



HPV-Mediated (p16+) Oropharyngeal

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(Not including: P16-negative (p16-) cancers of the oropharynx)

Primary Tumor (T)

T0 No primary identified

T1 Tumor 2 cm or smaller in greatest dimension

T2 Tumor larger than 2 cm but not larger than 4 cm in greatest dimension

T3 Tumor larger than 4 cm in greatest dimension or extension to lingual surface of epiglottis T4 Moderately advanced local disease

Tumor invades the larynx, extrinsic muscle of tongue, medial pterygoid, hard palate, or mandible or beyond*

Mucosal extension to lingual surface of epiglottis from primary tumors of the base of the tongue and vallecula does not constitute invasion of the larynx.

Regional Lymph Nodes (N) Clinical N (cN)

NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
N1 One or more ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm N2
Contralateral or bilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm N3 Lymph node(s) larger than 6 cm

Pathological N (pN)

NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed pN0 No regional lymph node metastasis pN1 Metastasis in 4 or fewer lymph nodes pN2 Metastasis in more than 4 lymph nodes

Distant Metastasis (M) M0 No distant metastasis M1 Distant metastasis

Histologic Grade (G)

No grading system exists for HPV-mediated oropharyngeal tumors



Prognosti Clinical	c Stage Groups	i		
Stage I	T0,T1,T2	N0,N1		M0
Stage II	T0,T1,T2	N2		M0
Stage III	T3 T0,T1,T2,T3 T4	N0,N1,N2 N0,N1,N2 Any N		M 0 M 0 M 0
Stage IV	Any T			M1
Pathologi	cal			
Stage I	T0,T1,T2	N0,N1	MO	
Stage II	T0,T1,T2	N2	MO	
	T3,T4	N0,N1	MO	
Stage III	T3,T4	N2	MO	
Stage IV	Any T	Any N	M1	

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TNM Staging System for the Larynx (8th ed., 2017)

Primary Tumor (T)

- **TX** Primary tumor cannot be assessed
- Tis Carcinoma in situ

Supraglottis

- T1 Tumor limited to one subsite of supraglottis with normal vocal cord mobility
- T2 Tumor invades mucosa of more than one adjacent subsite of supraglottis or glottis or region outside the supraglottis (eg, mucosa of base of tongue, vallecula, medial wall of pyriform sinus) without fixation of the larynx Т3
 - Tumor limited to larvnx with vocal cord fixation and/ or invades any of the following: postcricoid area, preepiglottic space, paraglottic space, and/or inner
- cortex of thyroid cartilage Τ4 Moderately advanced or very advanced T4a Moderately advanced local disease

Tumor invades through the outer cortex of the thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues beyond the larynx (eg. trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscle of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid, or esophagus)

Very advanced local disease T4b Tumor invades prevertebral space, encases carotid artery, or invades mediastinal structures

Glottis

- Tumor limited to the vocal cord(s) (may involve anterior or posterior **T1** commissure) with normal mobility T1a Tumor limited to one vocal cord
 - T1b Tumor involves both vocal cords
- T2 Tumor extends to supraglottis and/or subglottis, and/or with impaired vocal cord mobility
- T3 Tumor limited to the larynx with vocal cord fixation and/or invasion of paraglottic space and/or inner cortex of the thyroid cartilage Moderately advanced or
- Τ4 verv advanced

T4a Moderately advanced local disease

Tumor invades through the outer cortex of the thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues beyond the larynx (eg, trachea, cricoid cartilage, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscle of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid, or esophagus) T4b Very advanced local disease

Tumor invades prevertebral space, encases carotid artery, or invades mediastinal structures

Subglottis

- Tumor limited to the subglottis T1
- Tumor extends to vocal cord(s) with normal or impaired mobility Τ2
- Tumor limited to larynx with vocal cord fixation and/or inner cortex of the Т3 thyroid cartilage
- **T4** Moderately advanced or very advanced T4a Moderately advanced local disease
 - - Tumor invades cricoid or thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues beyond the larynx (eg. trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscles of
 - the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid, or esophagus) T4b Very advanced local disease
 - Tumor invades prevertebral space, encases carotid artery, or invades mediastinal structures



TNM Staging System for the Larynx

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Regional Lymph Nodes (N) Clinical N (cN)

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- **N0** No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension ENE(–)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node, larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-);

or metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(–); *or* metastasis in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(–)

- N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node, larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastasis in any lymph node(s) with clinically overt ENE(+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node, larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in any lymph node(s) with clinically overt ENE(+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L) Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+)



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TNM Staging System for the Larynx

Pathological N (pN)

- **NX** Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis
- **N 0** Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension ENE(–)
- N 1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+);
- N2 *or* larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or metastasis in a single ipsilateral node, larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node, larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-);
 - *or* metastasis in a single ipsilateral node, larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); *or* multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral lymph nodes and any with ENE(+); *or* a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node, larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node, larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral lymph nodes any with ENE(+); or a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)
- *Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L)
- Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+)

Distant Metastasis (M) M0

No distant metastasis

M1 Distant metastasis

Histologic Grade (G)

- **GX** Grade cannot be assessed
- G1 Well differentiated
- G2 Moderately differentiated
- **G3** Poorly differentiated

Prognostic Stage Groups

Stage 0	Tis	NO	M0
Stage I	T1	N0	M0
Stage II	T2	N0	M0
Stage III	Т3	N0	MO
	T1	N1	M0
	T2	N1	MO
	Т3	N1	MO
Stage IVA	T1	N2	M0
	T2	N2	M0
	Т3	N2	M0
	T4a	N0,N1,N2	M0
Stage IVB	Any T	N3	M0
	T4b	Any N	M0
Stage IVC	Any T	Any N	M1

TNM Staging System for the Nasal Cavity and Paranasal Sinuses

Primary Tumor (T)

TX Primary	tumor	cannot be	e assessed
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Tis Carcinoma in situ

Maxillary Sinus

- T1 Tumor limited to maxillary sinus mucosa with no erosion or destruction of bone
- T2 Tumor causing bone erosion or destruction including extension into the hard palate and/or middle nasal meatus, except extension to posterior wall of maxillary sinus and pterygoid plates
- T3 Tumor invades any of the following: bone of the posterior wall of maxillary sinus, subcutaneous tissues, floor or medial wall of orbit, pterygoid fossa, ethmoid sinuses
- T4 Moderately advanced or very advanced local disease T4a Moderately advanced local disease

Tumor invades anterior orbital contents, skin of cheek, pterygoid plates, infratemporal fossa, cribriform plate, sphenoid or frontal sinuses

T4b Very advanced local disease

Tumor invades any of the following: orbital apex, dura, brain, middle cranial fossa, cranial nerves other than maxillary division of trigeminal nerve (V2), nasopharynx, or clivus

Nasal Cavity and Ethmoid Sinus

- T1 Tumor restricted to any one subsite, with or without bony invasion
- T2 Tumor invading two subsites in a single region or extending to involve an adjacent region within the nasoethmoidal complex, with or without bony invasion
- **T3** Tumor extends to invade the medial wall or floor of the orbit, maxillary sinus, palate, or cribriform plate
- T4 Moderately advanced or very advanced local disease T4a Moderately advanced local disease

Tumor invades any of the following: anterior orbital contents, skin of nose or cheek, minimal extension to anterior cranial fossa, pterygoid plates, sphenoid or frontal sinuses

T4b Very advanced local disease Tumor invades any of the following: orbital apex, dura, brain, middle cranial fossa, cranial nerves other than (V2), nasopharynx, or clivus

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TNM Staging System for the Nasal Cavity and Paranasal Sinuses

Regional Lymph Nodes (N) Clinical N (cN)

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(–)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-);
 - N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastasis in any node(s) with clinically overt ENE(+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in any node(s) with clinically overt ENE (ENE_c)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L).

Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).



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TNM Staging System for the Nasal Cavity and Paranasal Sinuses

Regional Lymph Nodes (N) Pathological N (pN)

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- **N0** No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(–)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+); *or* larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-);
 - N2a Metastasis in single ipsilateral node 3 cm or less in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); *or* in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); *or* multiple ipsilateral, contralateral or bilateral nodes, any with ENE(+); *or* a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral or bilateral nodes, any with ENE(+); or a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L).

Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).



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TNM Staging System for the Nasal Cavity and Paranasal



Prognostic Stage Groups				
Stage 0	Tis	N0	M0	
Stage I	T1	N0	M0	
Stage II	T2	N0	M0	
Stage III	T1	N1	M0	
	T2	N1	M0	
	Т3	N0, N1	M0	
Stage IVA	T1	N2	M0	
	T2	N2	M0	
	Т3	N2	M0	
	T4a	N0,N1,N2	M0	
Stage IVB	Any T	N3	M0	
	T4b	Any N	M0	
Stage IVC	Any T	Any N	M1	

Distant Metastasis (M)

- MO No distant metastasis (no pathologic M0; use clinical M to complete stage group)
- M1 Distant metastasis

Histologic Grade (G)

- **GX** Grade cannot be assessed
- G1 Well differentiated
- G2 Moderately differentiated
- G3 Poorly differentiated



Unknown Primary Tumors of the Head and Neck (8th ed., 2017)

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

Clinical N (cN): For patients who are treated with primary nonsurgical treatment without a cervical lymph node dissection.

- NX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
- N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension, ENE(-)
 - N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastasis in any node(s) with clinically overt ENE(+) (ENE_c)²
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N3b Metastasis in any node(s) with clinically overt ENE(+) (ENE_c)²

¹Midline nodes are considered ipsilateral nodes.

²ENEc is defined as invasion of skin, infiltration of musculature, dense tethering or fixation to adjacent structures, or cranial nerve, brachial plexus, sympathetic trunk, or phrenic nerve invasion with dysfunction.

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L). Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).`

Unknown Primary Tumors of the Head and Neck (8th ed., 2017)

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

Pathological N (pN): For patients who are treated surgically with a cervical lymph node dissection.

- Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed NX
- N0 No regional lymph node metastasis
- N1 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N2 Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+): or larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node 3 cm or less in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
 - N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3 Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral nodes any size and ENE(+) in any node; or a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)
 - N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
- N3b Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral nodes any size and ENE(+) in any node; or a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+) ¹Midline nodes are considered ipsilateral nodes.

²ENE detected on histopathologic examination is designated as ENEmi (microscopic ENE ≤ 2 mm) or ENEma (major ENE > 2 mm). Both ENEmi and ENEma qualify as ENE(+) for definition of pN.

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L). Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+).

Anatomic Stage/Prognostic Groups				
Stage III	Т0	N1	MO	
Stage IVA	Т0	N2	MO	
Stage IVB	Т0	N3	MO	
Stage IVC	Т0	Any N	M1	



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Major Salivary Glands (8th ed., 2017)

(Parotid, submandibular, and sublingual)

invasion of soft tissues. Microscopic evidence alone does not constitute

extraparenchymal extension for classification purposes.



Primary	y Tumor (T)	Region	al Lymph Nodes (N)
ТХ	Primary tumor cannot be assessed No evidence of	Clinica	IN (cN)
Т0	primary tumor Carcinoma in situ	NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node
Tis	Tumor 2 cm or smaller in greatest dimension without	N 0	metastasis
T1	extraparenchymal extension*	N1	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest
	Tumor larger than 2 cm but not larger than 4 cm in		dimension and ENE(-)
T2	greatest dimension without extraparenchymal extension*	N2	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); <i>or</i> metastases in
Т3	Tumor larger than 4 cm and/or tumor having extraparenchymal extension* Moderately advanced or very advanced disease T4a		multiple ipsilateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); <i>or</i> in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
Τ4	Moderately advanced disease Tumor invades skin, mandible, ear canal, and/or facial nerve		N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
	T4b Very advanced disease		N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
	Tumor invades skull base and/or pterygoid plates and/or encases carotid artery	N3	N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
Note: Extraparenchymal extension is clinical or macroscopic evidence of		CFI	Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); <i>or</i> metastasis in any node(s) with clinically overt ENE(+)

N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L). Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+)

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Major Salivary Glands (8th ed., 2017)

(Parotid, submandibular, and sublingual)

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

Pathological N (pN)

NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed No regional lymph node metastasis
N 0 N1	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or less smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
N2	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and $ENE(+)$; <i>or</i> larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and $ENE(-)$; <i>or</i> metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph node(s), none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and $ENE(-)$; <i>or</i> in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and $ENE(-)$; <i>or</i> in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and $ENE(-)$;
	N2a Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node 3 cm or smaller in greatest dimension and ENE(+) <i>or</i> a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm but not larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
	N2b Metastases in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, none larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
	N2c Metastases in bilateral or contralateral lymph node(s), none more than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)
N3	Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-); or in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); or a single or multiple insilateral contralateral, or bilateral nodes any with ENE(+); or a single

or multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral nodes any with ENE(+); *or* a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)

N3a Metastasis in a lymph node larger than 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(-)

N3b Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node larger than 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE(+); *or* multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral nodes any with ENE(+); *or* a single contralateral node of any size and ENE(+)

Note: A designation of "U" or "L" may be used for any N category to indicate metastasis above the lower border of the cricoid (U) or below the lower border of the cricoid (L). Similarly, clinical and pathological ENE should be recorded as ENE(-) or ENE(+)



Distant Metastasis (M)

- M0 No distant metastasis
- M1 Distant metastasis

Anatomic Stage/Prognostic Groups

	0 0	•	
Stage 0	Tis	N0	MO
Stage I	T1	N0	M0
Stage II	T2	N0	M0
Stage III	Т3	N0	MO
	T0,T1,T2,T3	N1	MO
Stage IVA	Т0	N2	MO
	T1	N2	MO
	T2	N2	MO
	Т3	N2	MO
	T4a	N0,N1,N2	MO
Stage IVB	Any T	N3	MO
	T4b	Any N	M0
Stage IVC	Any T	Any N	M1